Chanakya National Law University, Patna B.A., LL.B. (H) & B.B.A., LL.B. (H) 2022-23; SEMESTER- V

Course Title: Constitutional Law -I

Course Overview

Constitution is a basic law relating to the governance of a country by establishing government which governs the country. It establishes the different organs– the legislative, the executive, and the judiciary and other functionaries. The curriculum is also designed to inspire the students to study about the constitutional law and constitutionalism enforcing the idea of a limited government desired to function within the norms prescribed in the constitution. Constitutional Law - I will focus on limitations of fundamental rights enshrined in part III of the Constitution and non-enforceable but fundamental in the governance of the country – directive principles of state policy.

Module one focuses on general basic concepts, philosophy of the constitution and fundamental rights as limitation on the state.

Module two deals with general principles of equality and its dimensions.

Module three covers prohibition of discrimination on certain grounds and preferential treatment/affirmative action in favour of certain classes, abolition of untouchability and titles.

Module four deals with protection of certain rights regarding freedom of speech, assembly, association, movement, settlement, profession etc. reasonable restrictions on them.

Module five covers protection in respect in respect of conviction for offences, protection of life, and personal liberty and protection against arrest and detention in certain cases.

Module six deals with prohibition of traffic in human beings, forced labour, employment of children in factories, freedom of religion, and cultural and educational rights of minorities.

Module seven focuses on remedies for enforcement of fundamental rights and impact of emergency on enforcement of such rights.

Module eight covers directive principles of state policy and fundamental duties.

Learning Outcomes

Apprise the students about the basic law of the country and its impact on state.

On completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the significance of Constitution in governance of the country by putting organs of the state under constitutional parameters.
- 2. Analyse the provisions of the Constitution.
- 3. Critically analyse Judicial interpretation of the constitutional provisions & the multidimensional significance of provisions in newly emerging challenges.

Topic/ Module	Contents/ Concepts	Sessions / Lectures
Module I	 Concept of constitution, constitutional law and constitutionalism. Basic philosophy of the Indian Constitution enshrined in the Preamble. Definition of state and its multi-dimensional expansion. Limitations of fundamental rights on the state. Inconsistent state laws and laws made in derogation fundamental rights. Interpretative techniques – waiver, severability and eclipse. 	1-9
Module II	• Equality before or equal protection of the laws.	10-14

	Permissible classification
	and its tests.
	• Equality and single
	individual legislation.
	• Equality & trial by special
	courts.
Module III	Prohibition of 15-21
	discrimination on grounds
	only of religion, race, caste,
	sex, place of birth or any of
	them.
	• Equality of opportunity in
	public employment
	• Preferential treatment/
	affirmative action in
	educational institutions and
	public employment.
	• Related issues and judicial
	response
	✓ Identification of
	recipients of reservation – STSC,
	SEBC & EBC.
	✓ Abolition of
	untouchability and
	titles.
Module IV	• Right to freedom and 22-29
	reasonable restrictions.
	• Freedom of speech and
	expression.
	• Freedom of press, right to
	information.
	• Right to assembly.
	Association movement and
	settlement.
	• Profession, occupation and
	trade business.
Module V	• Protection in respect of 30-35
	conviction for certain
	offences.
	✓ Protection against
	ex-post-facto laws
	✓ Protection against
	double jeopardy

	✓ Protection against	
	self-incrimination	
	• Protection against life or	
	personal liberty.	
	✓ Judicial	
	interpretation of	
	procedure	
	established by law	
	\checkmark Expansion of life or	
	liberty in post	
	Maneka Gandhi era.	
	✓ Right to privacy	
	✓ Freedom to travel	
	abroad /passport.	
	✓ Right to pollution	
	free air, portable	
	water, livelihood,	
	fair trial etc.	
	• Protection against arrest and	
	detention.	
	✓ Safeguards given in	
	cases of arrest.	
	✓ Safeguards given in	
	cases of detention	
	under preventive	
	detention law.	25.42
Module VI	• Prohibition of traffic in	36-43
	human beings, forced labour	
	and employment of children	
	in factories.	
	• Concept of secularism and	
	freedom of religion, dimensions of freedom of	
	religion and problem of conversion.	
	• Cultural and educational	
	rights of minorities.	
	✓ Determination of minorities and extent of	
	minorities and extent of	
Module VII	their rights. • Enforcement of	44-51
		44 -J1
	fundamental rights.	
	✓ Laches , Res-judicata.	
	Dublig interest litigation	
	✓ Public interest litigation	
	 ✓ Public interest litigation Remedies and compensatory justice. 	

	• Impact of emergency on the enforcement of fundamental rights.
Module VIII	 Directive Principles of State Policy and their significance. Relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of state policy. Role of Judiciary in making an un enforceable Directive Principles more meaningful. Fundamental duties.

Recommended/Reference Text Books and Resources:

Text Books

- M. P. Singh (ed.) V. N. Shukla's Constitution of India.
- M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law.

References

- D. D. Basu, Commentary on the Constitution of India.
- Dr. U. R. Rai, Fundamental Rights and their Enforcement.

Instructor Details

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